A NEW SPECIES OF *BRACHYLECITHUM MUNIFI*N. SP. (DIGENEA: DICROCOELIIDAE) FROM THE CATTLE EGRET (*BUBULCUS IBIS* L.) IN SINDH. PAKISTAN

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خلاصه

Brachylecithum کی بے ٹی نوع کے ۔ جو سندھ میں Cattle Egret کی بے۔ Brachylecithum سunifi کی بے ٹی نوع کے دریافت کی گئی ہے۔

Prepharynx and Pharynx کی غیر موجود کی اور انڈوں کے بہت چھوٹے سائز کی وجہ سے اسے دوسری نواع سے ممتاز بنادیتی ہے۔

Abstract

The new species is distinguished from all its congeners in having: a typical body shape, absence of prepharynx and pharynx, a short oesophagus, caeca terminating posterior to ovary behind the mid body region, preovarian extra large testes, coiled preacetabular cirruc sac with post-bifurcal genital opening and typically elongated and curved eggs, smallest in size among the species in the genus *Brachylecithum*.

Introduction

Literature search indicates about seventy species of the genus *Brachylecithum* Shtrom, 1940 reported from variety of Avian hosts almost from all over the Globe.

Brachylecithum bilqeesae Khan et al.(2018) is reported from Cattle egret (Bubulcus ibis) in Pakistan. Besides B. bilqeesae species of the genus reported from Pakistan are: B. accipiteri Bhutta and Khan(1975), B. heckmani Das and Ghazi (2012) from Great egret Egretta alba and B. jehangiri Soomro and Soomro (2016) from Pied myna Gracupica contra in Sindh.

Ten species reported from the avian hosts Cattle Egret (Bubulcus ibis) in Pakistan are: Brachylecithum bilqeesae Khan et al.(2018); Echinochasmus oderolalensis Khan et al.(2015); Echinostoma sindhenses Dharejo et al.(2009); E. cribbi Khan et al.(2017); Nephrostomum ramosum (Sonsino, 1895) Bhutta and Khan(1975); N. oderolalensis Khan and Ghazi(2011); Pseudopsilostoma oderolalensis Khan et al.(2017); Schwartzitrema bilqeesaeKhan et al.(2009); Apharygostrigea oderolalensis Khan et al.(2018); Strigea brayi Khan et al.(2017).

Materials and Methods

Twelve Cattle egret (*Bubulcus ibis* L.) collected from Saraswati farms, district Matiari, Sindh, Pakistan were examined for endohelminths. Three trematodes collected from biliary duct were transferred into saline, fixed under slight cover glass pressure in a formalin-acetic acid and alcohol mixture for 24 hours (AFA), stained with Mayer's carmalum in a graded series of ethanol solutions, cleared in clove oil and xylol, specimens were mounted in Canada balsam. Diagrams were made with aid of camera Lucida. All measurements are given in millimeter (mm). Photomicrograph was prepared with the courtesy of Department of Zoology, University of Karachi using Olympus Digital microscope. Specimens are in possession of the second author (A.K).

Results and Discussion

Description

Host:

Brachylecithum munifin.sp.

(Figs. 1-2) Cattle egret

Site of infection: Biliary duct

Locality: Saraswati farms, district Matiari, Sindh, Pakistan

No. of hosts examined: 12

No. of specimens recovered: 3 from 2 hosts.

Diagnosis: (Based on three worms).

Body elongated muscular with anterior region bend measuring 1.75-1.94 by 0.55-0.63. Oral sucker small subterminal, measuring 0.025-0.028 by 0.025-0.027; almost half the size of acetabulum, both suckers close to each other, acetabulum measuring 0.050-0.052 by 0.050-0.051. Esophagus very short 0.090-0.14 by 0.070-0.085. Caeca terminating a little posterior to ovary. Testes preovarian, large, separated from each other, the right testis measuring 0.42-0.45 by 0.20-0.24, the left testis measuring 0.43-0.45 by 0.20-0.23. ovary little posterior and separated by uterus from testes measuring 0.22-0.32 by 0.24-0.27. The distance of ovary from posterior end of body 0.62-0.78. Cirrus sac, somewhat coiled, pre-acetabular, large measuring 0.30-0.33 by 0.050-0.056. Genital pore prebifurcal, vitellaria occupying small lateral area from posteior level of testes to a little posterior to ovary. The uterus occupies most part of the body and is thrown into closely packed coils. Excretory vessel is tubular. Eggs numerous, elongated, curved, measuring 0.012-0.014 by 0.0022-0.0025.

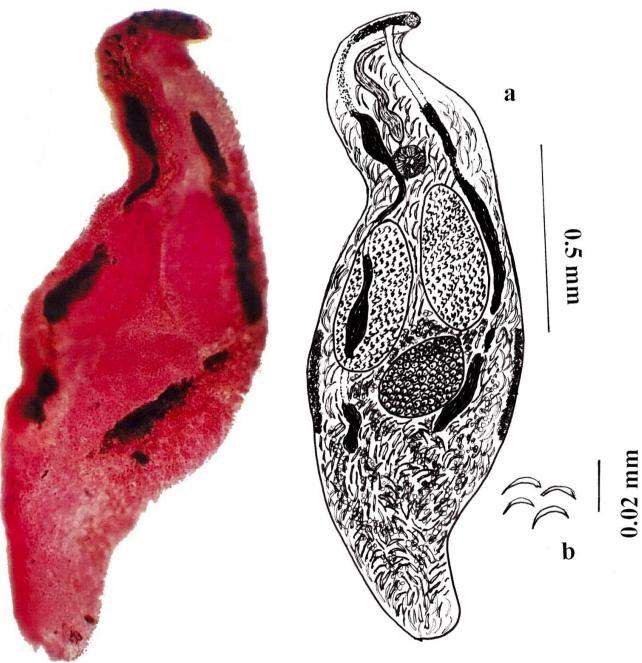


Fig. 1. Photomicrograph of *Brachylecithum* munifin. sp.

Fig. 2. Brachylecithum munifin. sp. a. Entire specimen, holotype b. Eggs.

It is closest to *B. platynosomoides* (Potekhina, 1948) and *B. bilqeesae* (Khan *et al.*, 2018). From the former it is similar in shape of testes and ovary, position of vitellaria but at the same time it differs in body shape, absence of pharynx, position of testes and shape of eggs and from the later it is similar in shape of ovary and testes but differs in body shape and absence of pharynx. Furthermore, the flukedifferentiates from all the existing species in having bend anterior region of the body, absence of pharynx and shape of eggs. The eggs in the present species are smallest than all the species reported so far. Hence the present specimens are considered new and named as *Brachylecithum munifi*. The name of the species is in honour of Dr. Munif Khan, University of Sindh, Jamshoro, Sindh, Pakistan.

Conclusion

A new species of trematode *Brachylecithum munifi* was recovered from the biliary duct of bird (*Bubulcus ibis* L.). All helminths have development cycle involving intermediate hosts (invertebrates) which are part of the birds diet. High intensity of trematodes may cause mortality in birds.

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